

THE IMPORTANCE OF THE OCS TO AMERICA'S FUTURE ENERGY SECURITY



America's Oil and Natural Gas Companies

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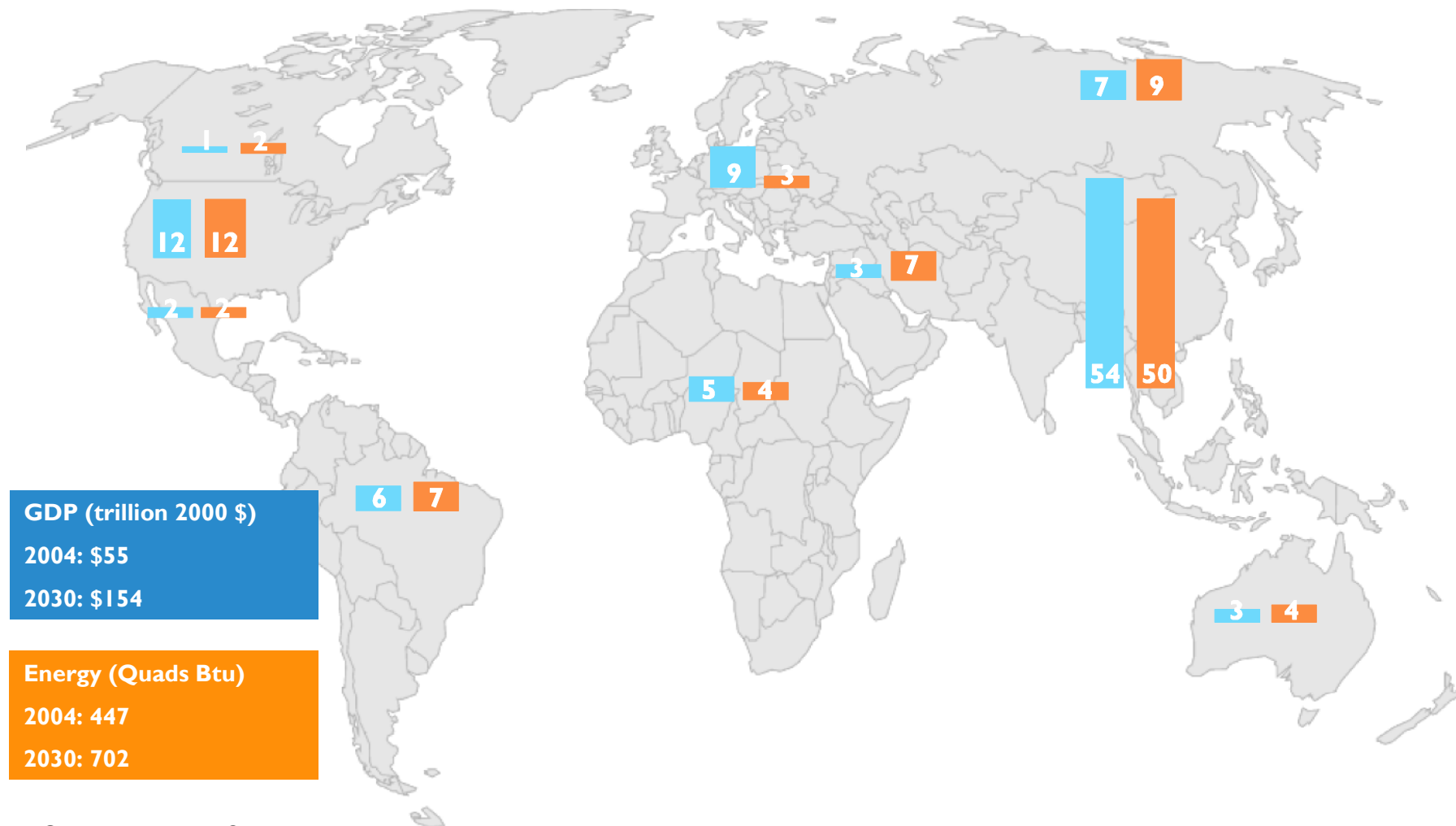
Our Priorities

- Efficiency – improve our own and encourage efficiency in other industries and among consumers.
- Technology – increase investments in and use of advanced energy technologies to develop *all* sources of energy cleanly and responsibly.
- Diversity – increase access to oil and natural gas supplies both here at home and around the world.

Global Economic and Energy Consumption Growth (regional shares of world's incremental growth between 2004-2030)

■ GDP

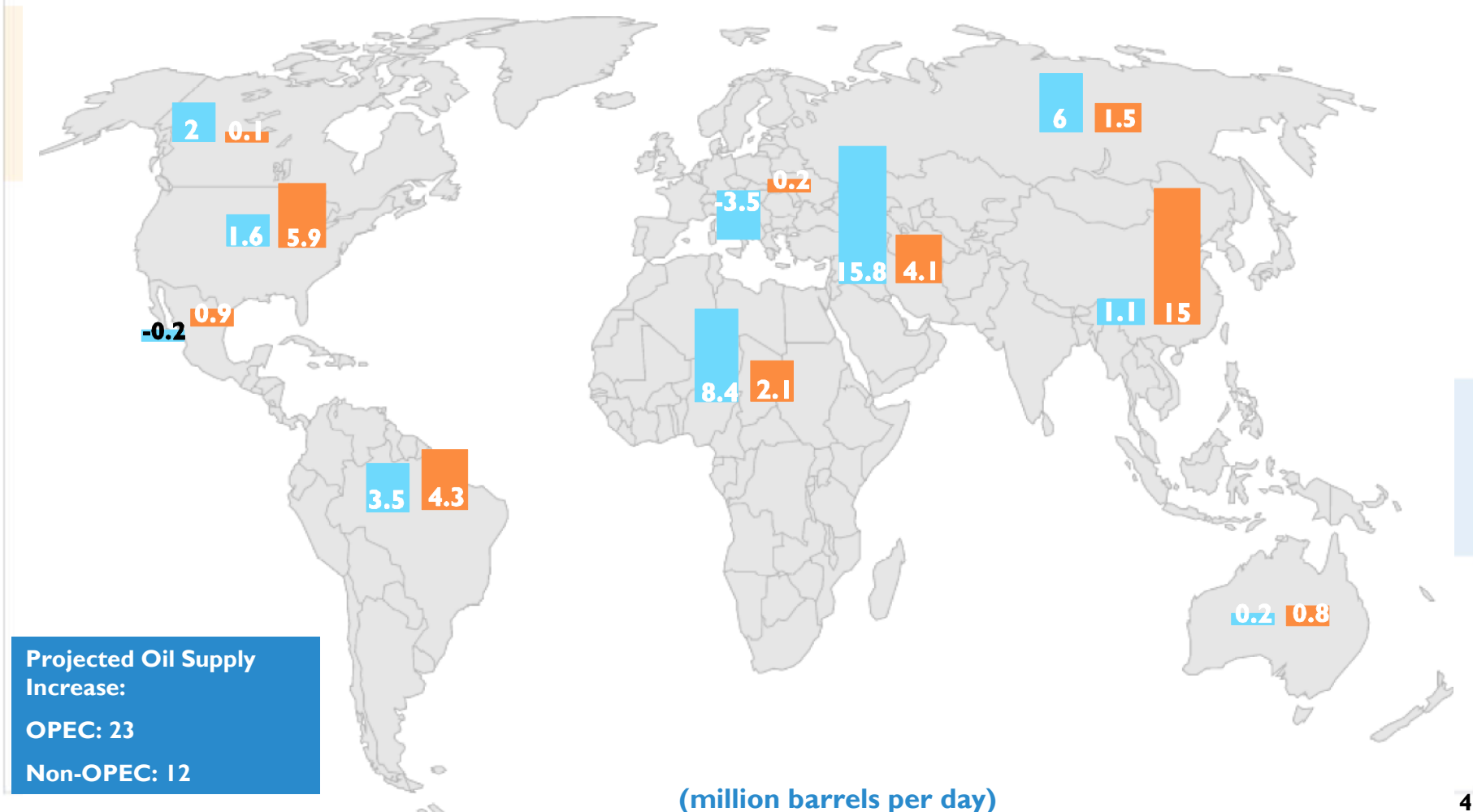
■ Energy Consumption



Source: EIA, IEO 2007

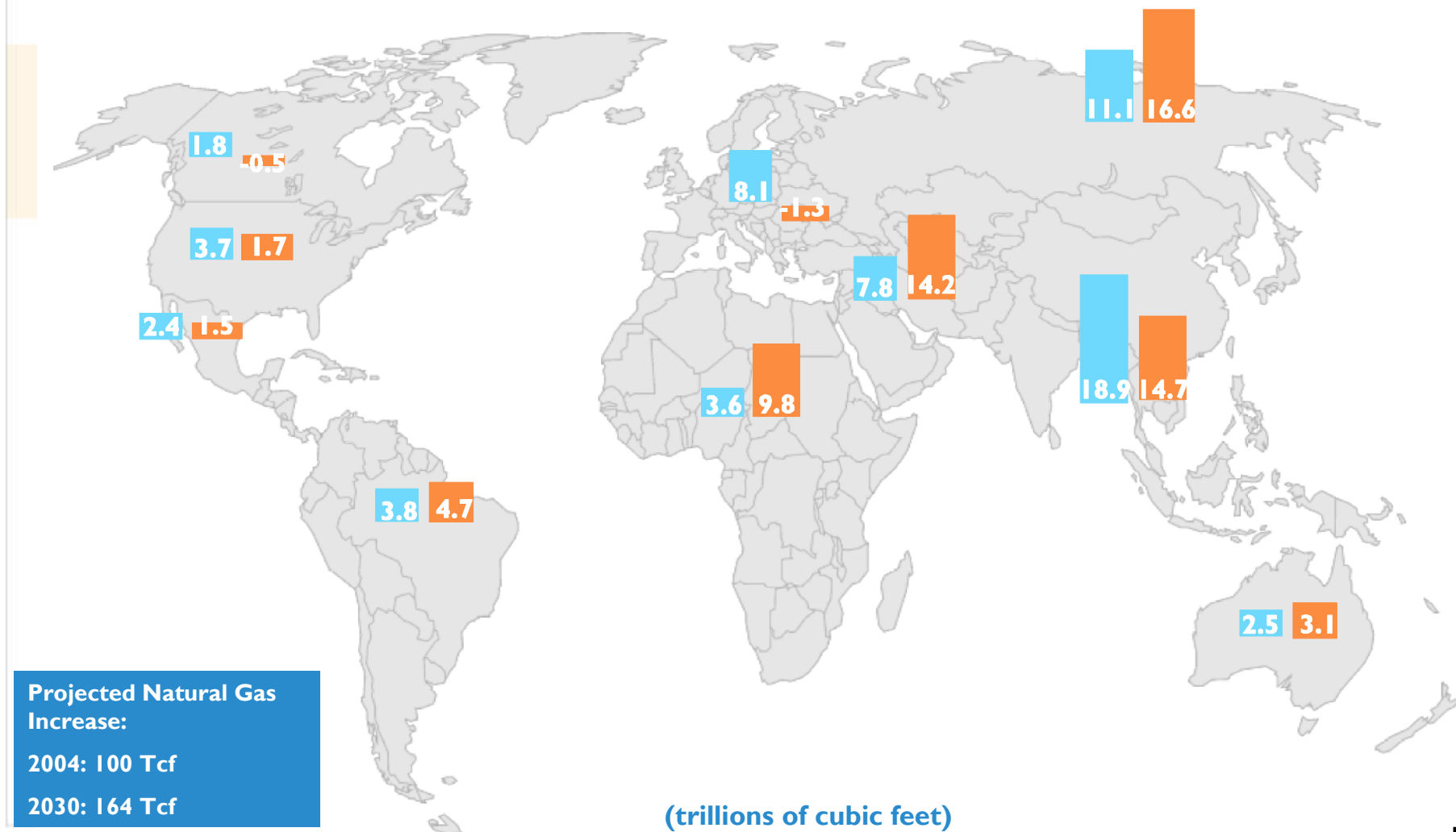
Global Oil Trade Challenges (growth in supply and demand between 2004-2030)

■ Supply ■ Demand

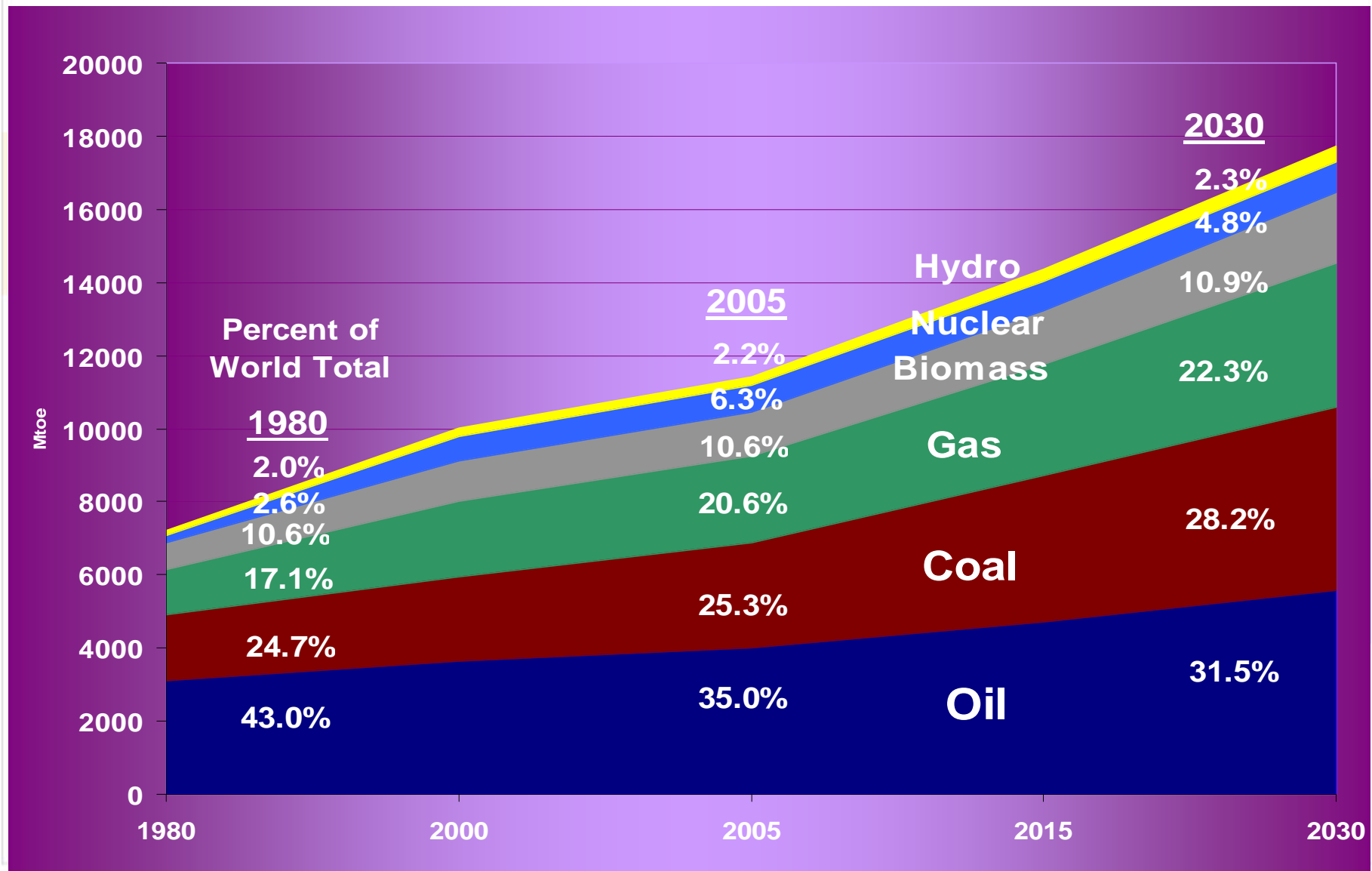


Global Natural Gas Trade Challenges (growth in supply and demand between 2004-2030)

■ Consumption ■ Production



Future Global Energy Demand

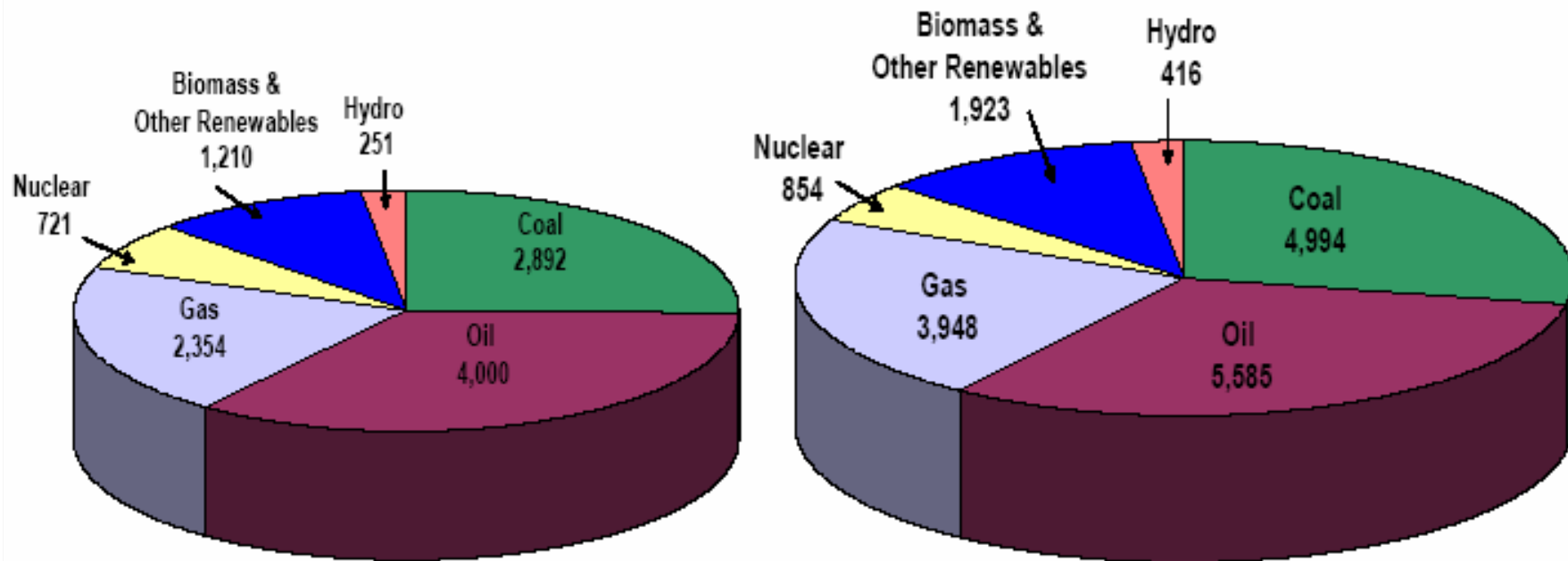


Forecast of World Energy Growth

55.1% Growth

**2005 Actual
(11,429 Mtoe)**

**2030 Outlook
(17,721 Mtoe)**



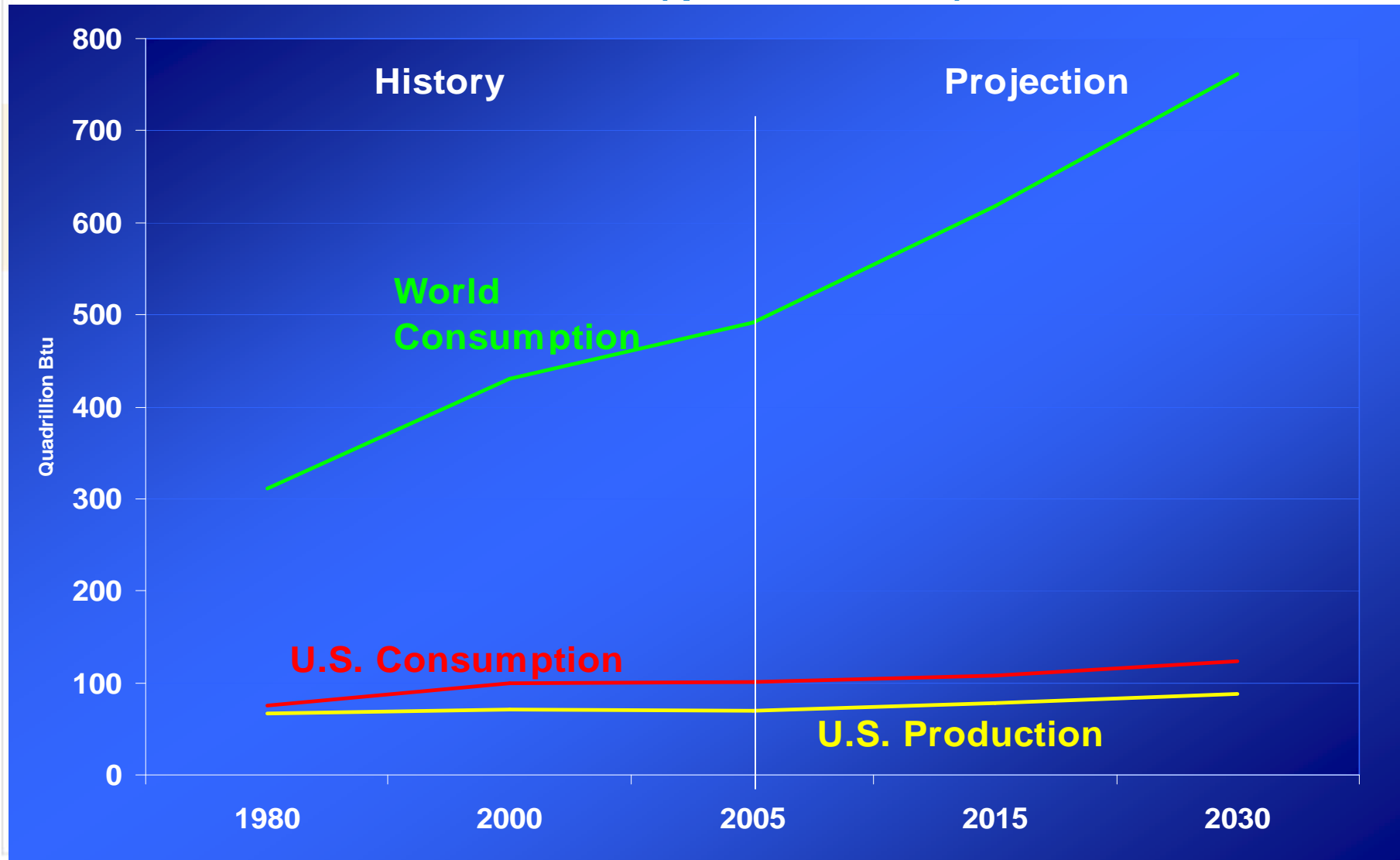
The Public's Knowledge of Energy Growth

Q4 According to 2006 projections, what percentage of global energy demand in 2030 will be met by fossil fuels, such as oil, natural gas and coal?

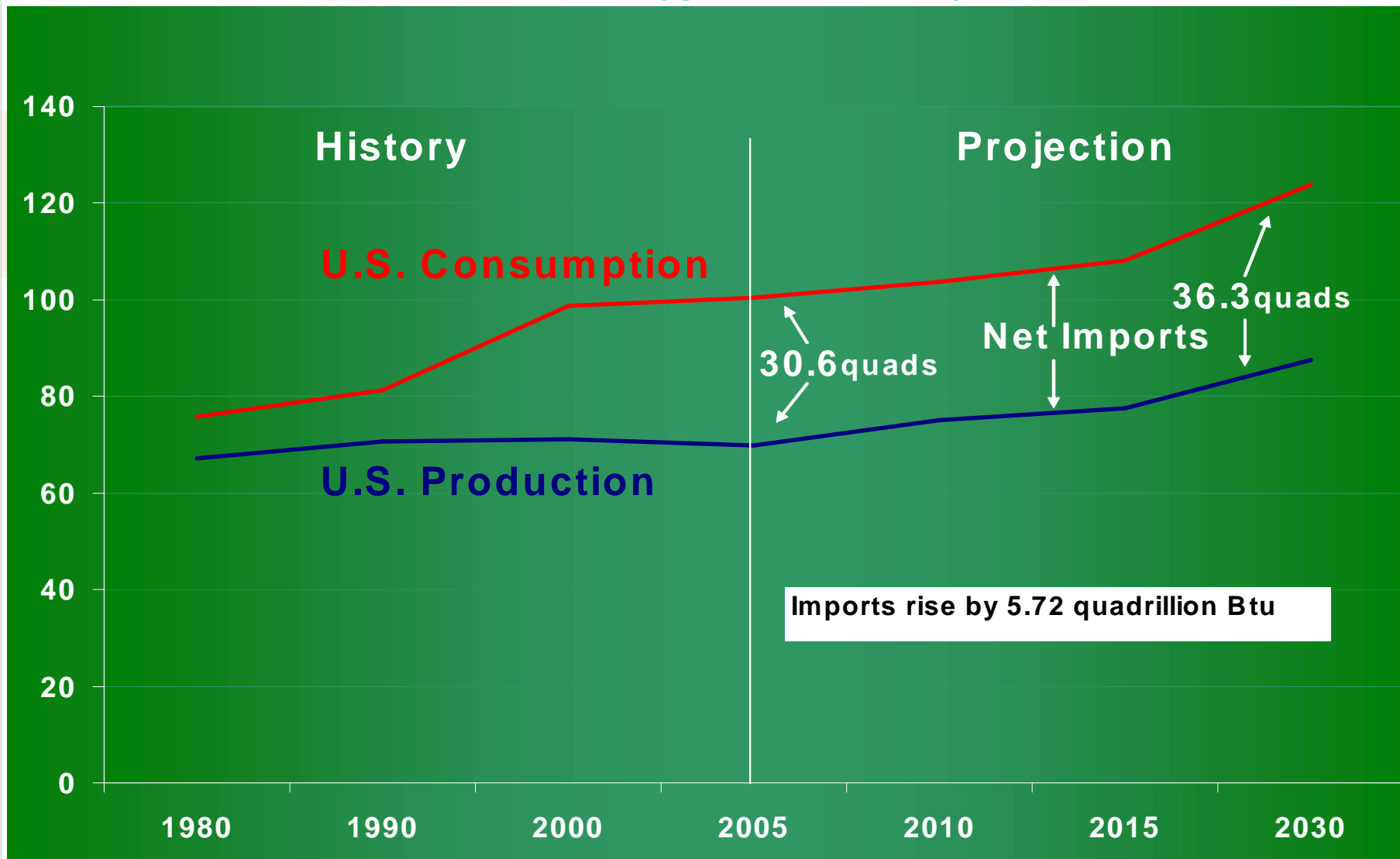
Source: IEA, "World Energy Outlook 2006," p. 66, Table 2:1.

Total N=1333	Answer
16%	21%
15%	41%
20%	61%
14%	81%
35%	Not sure

World and U.S. Energy Consumption, and U.S. Production 1980-2030 (quadrillion Btu)

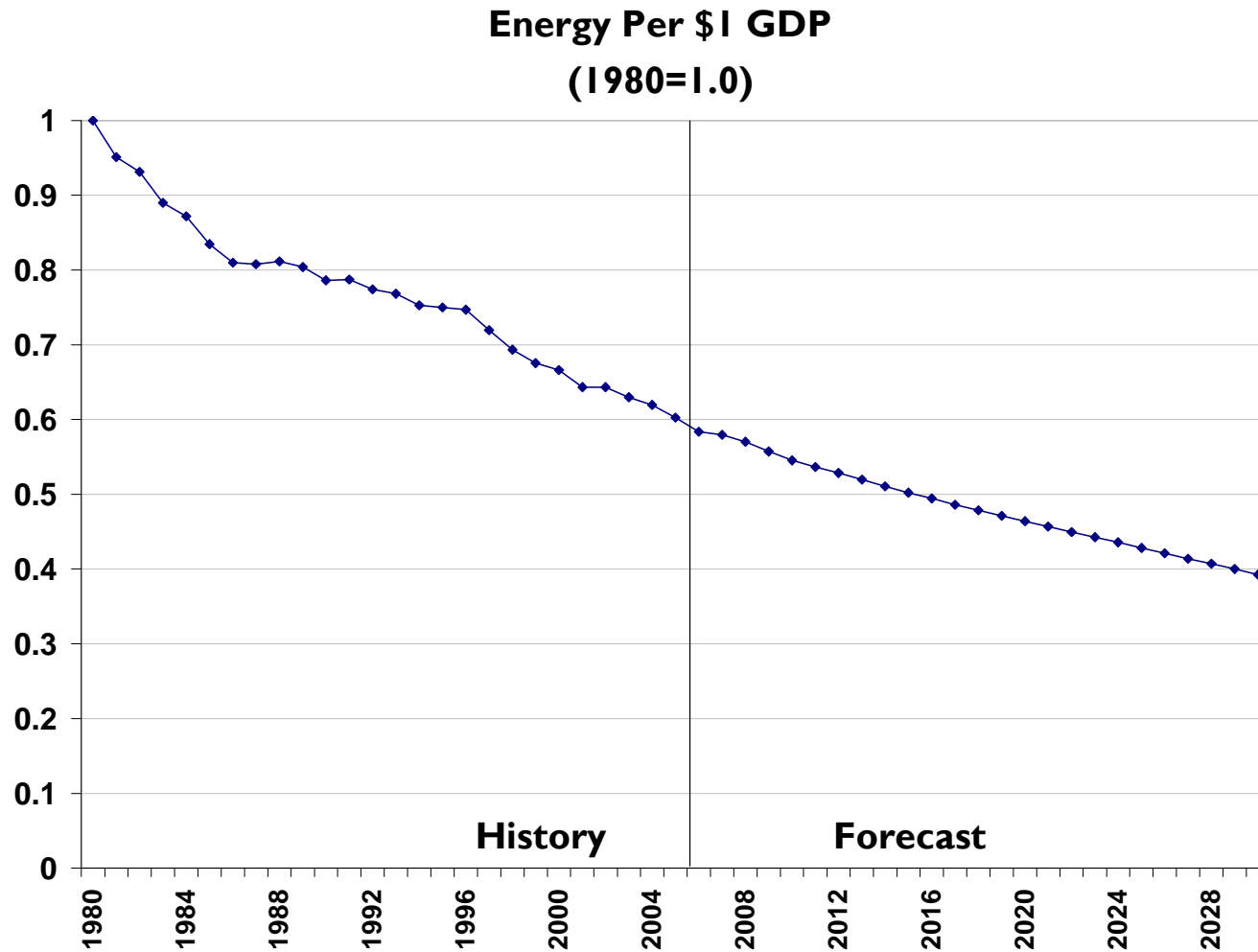


U.S. Energy Production, Consumption, and Net Imports 1980-2030 (quadrillion Btu)



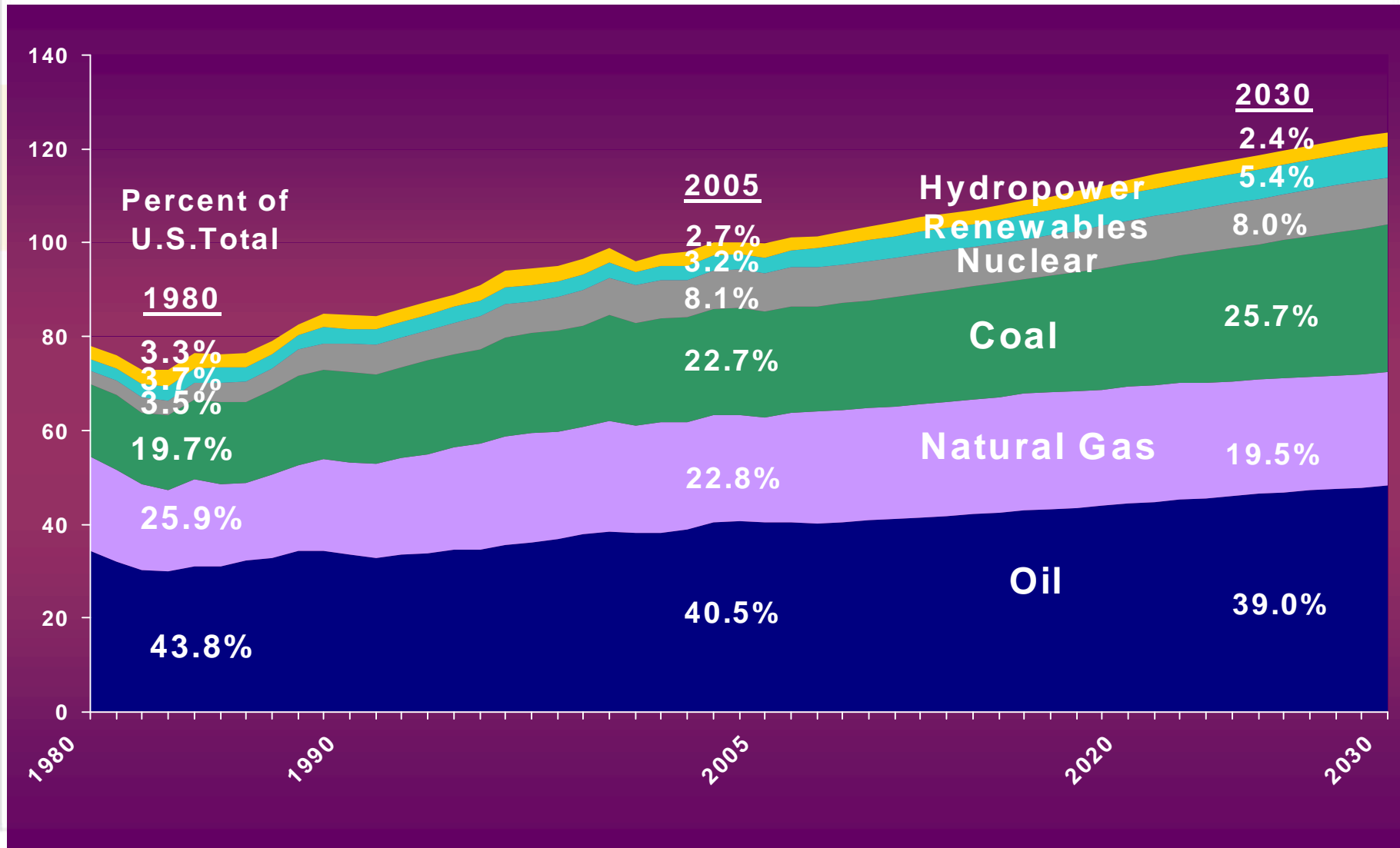
Future U.S. Energy Demand

- The U.S. will consume more energy even with efficiency improvements

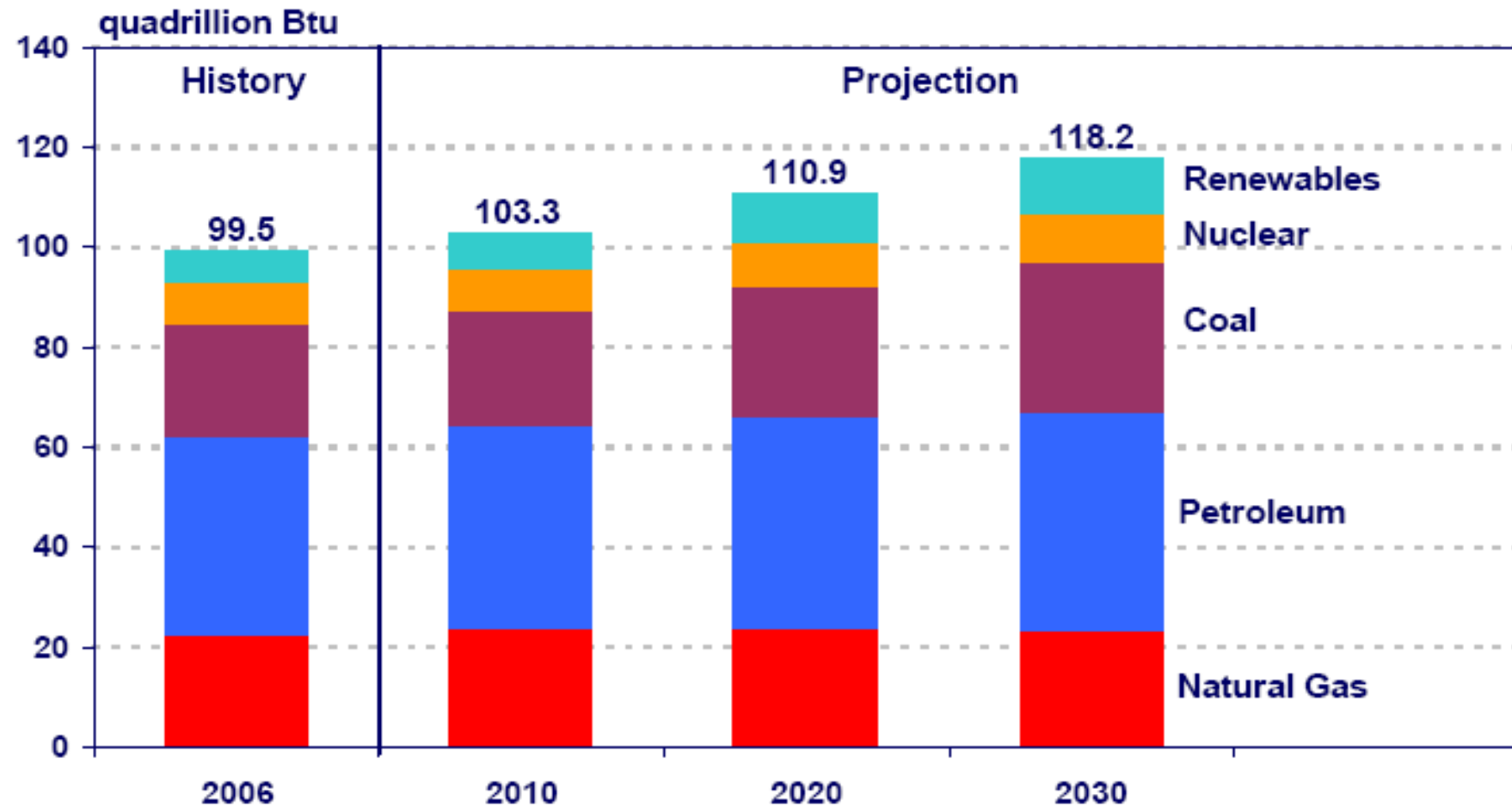


Future U.S. Energy Demand

- The U.S. will consume 19.4% more oil and 7.4% more natural gas in 2030 than in 2006

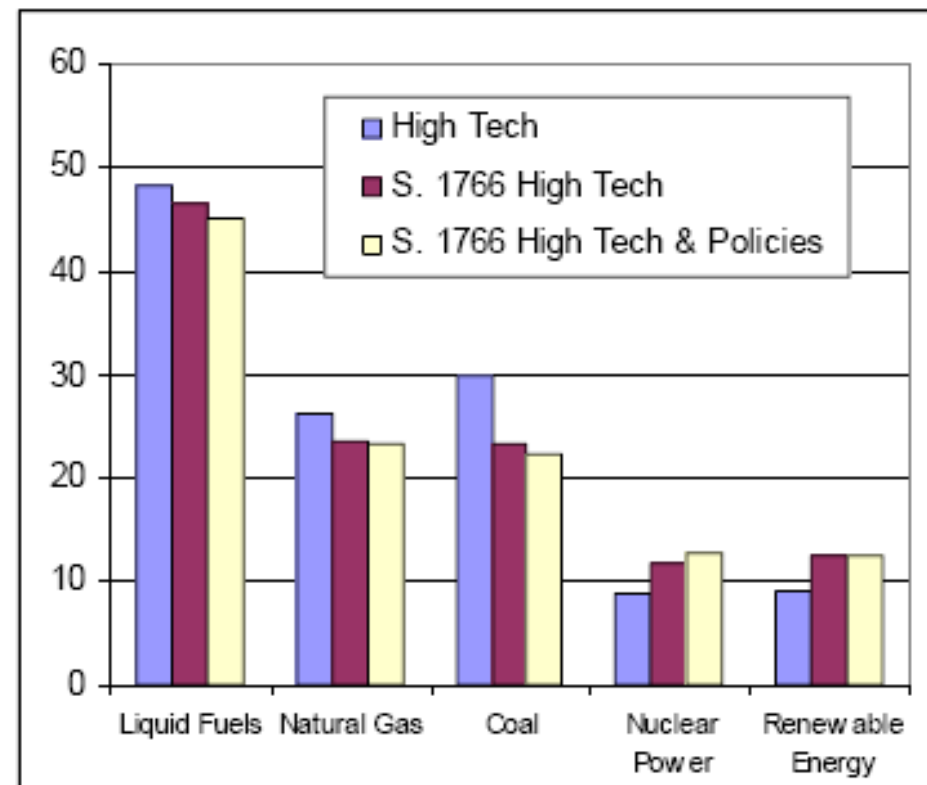
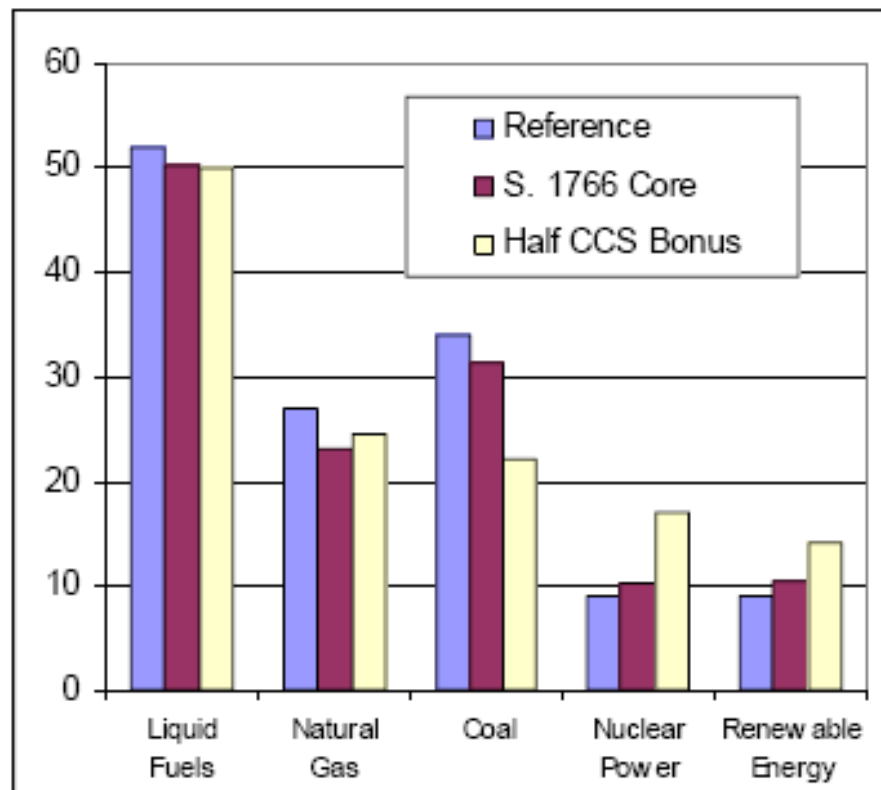


Future U.S. Energy Demand, Version II



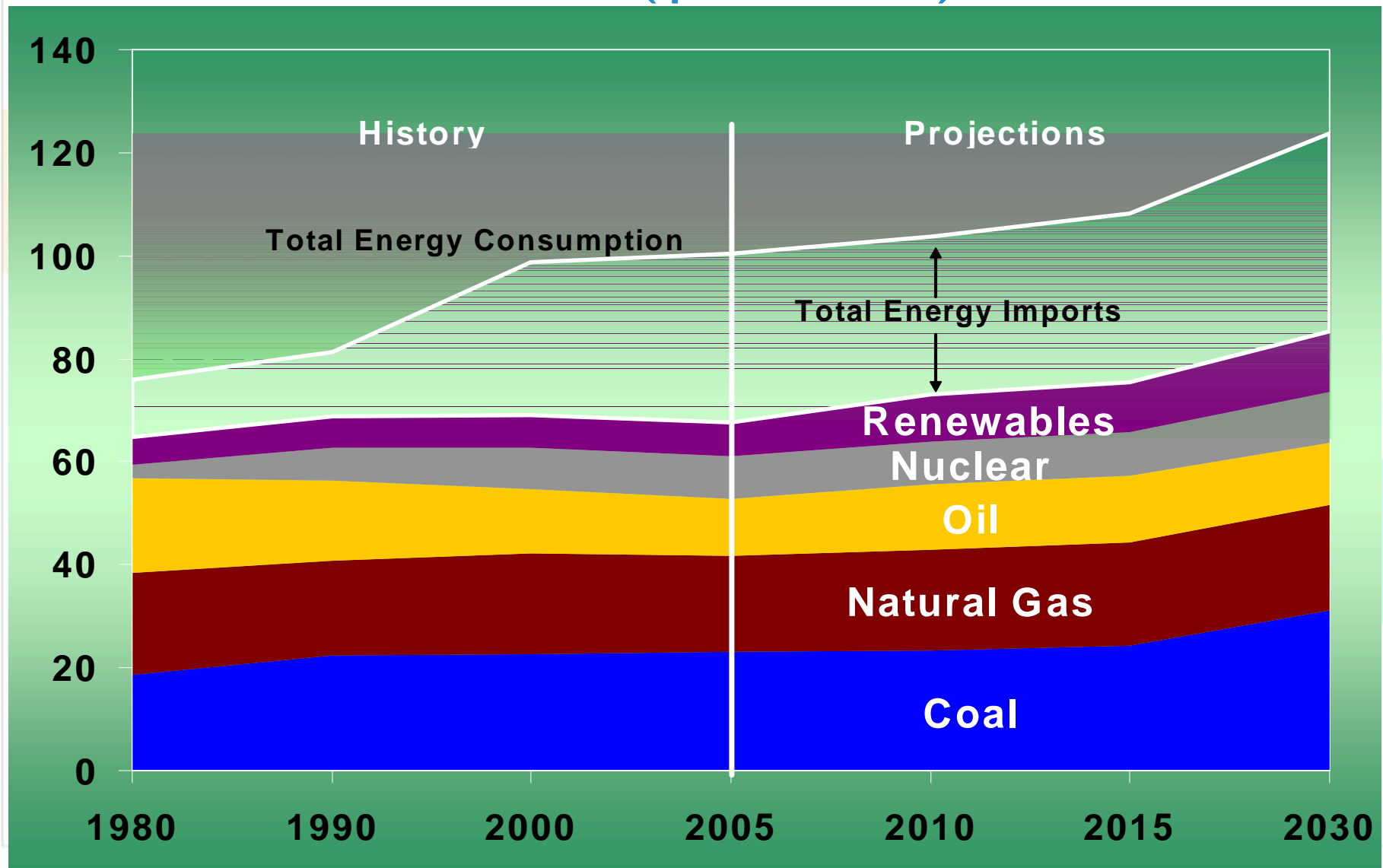
Future U.S. Energy Demand, Version III: EIA Study of S.1766, “Low Carbon Economy Act”*

(quadrillion Btu in 2030)



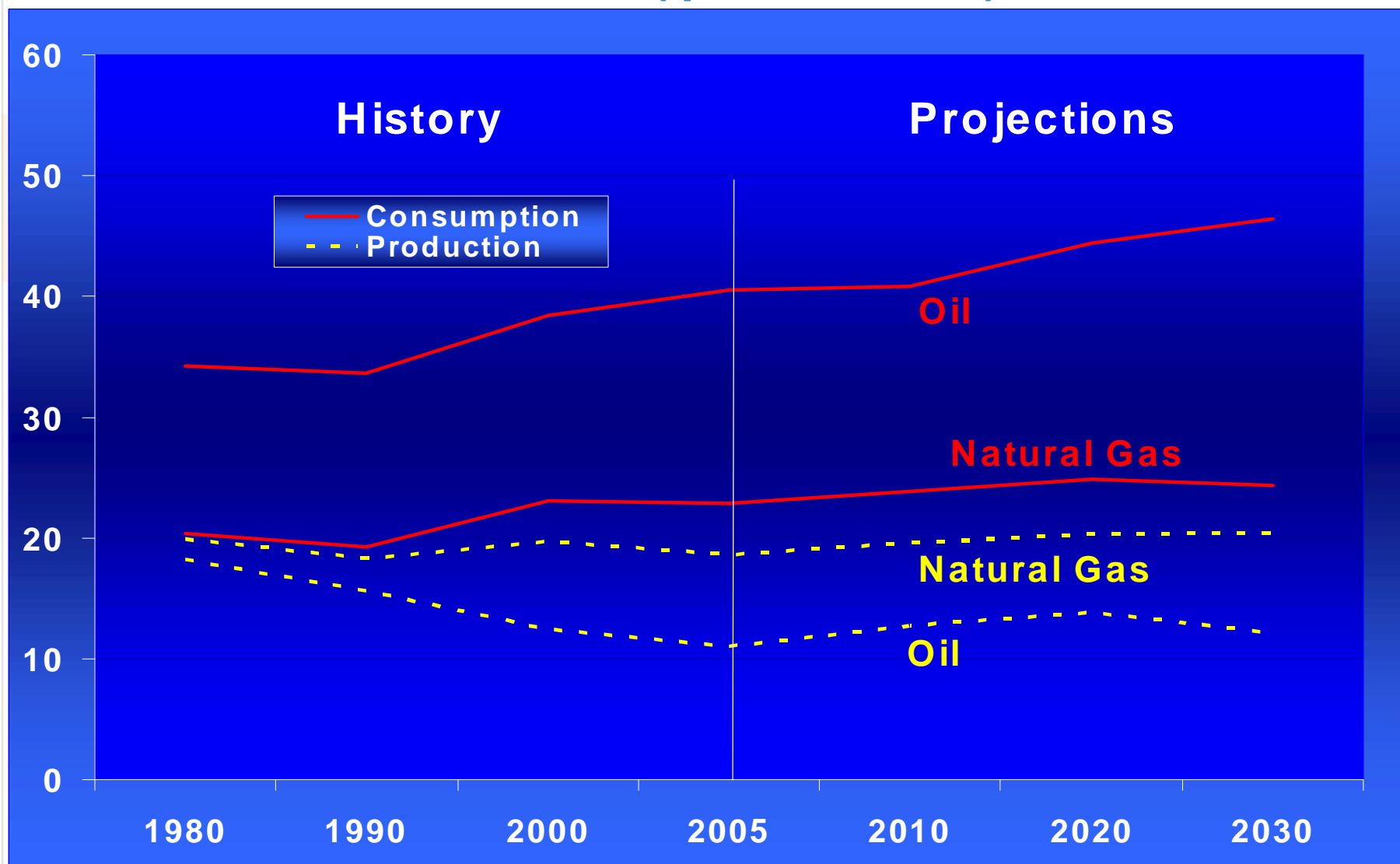
* EIA study published January 2008

U.S. Primary Energy Production by Fuel 1980-2030 (quadrillion Btu)

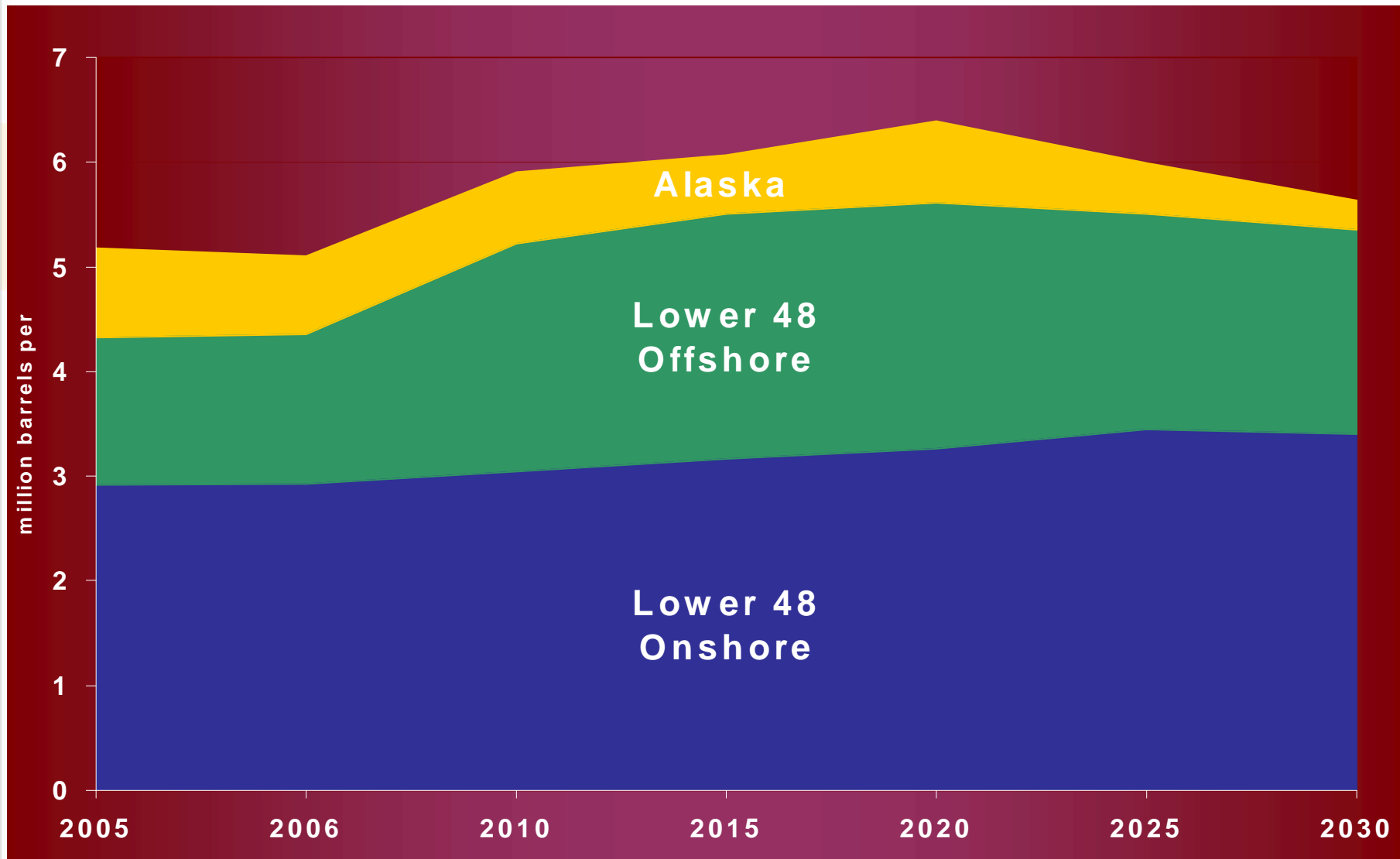


DELIVERING AMERICA'S ENERGY SECURITY

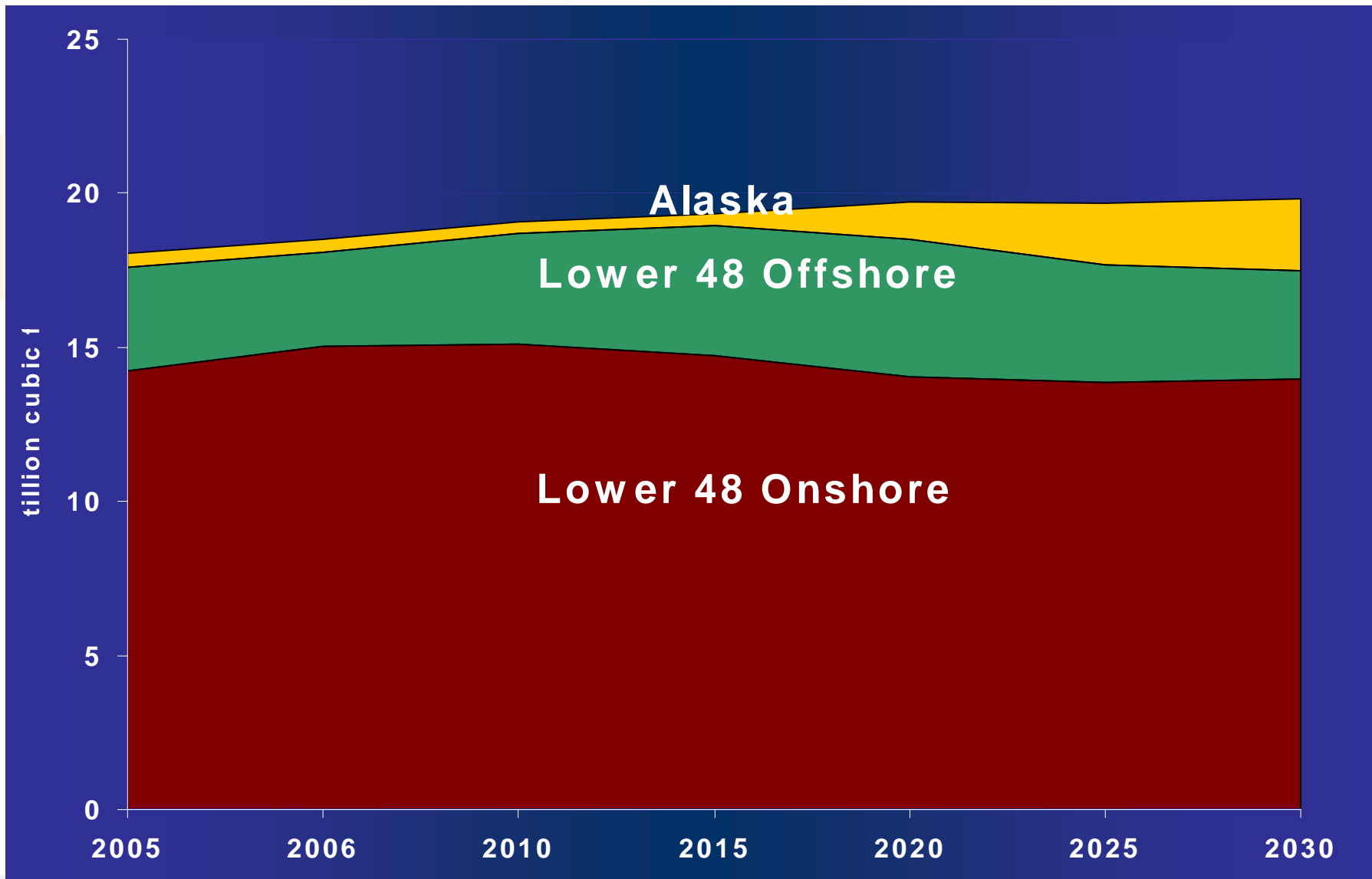
U.S. Oil and Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1980-2030 (quadrillion Btu)



U.S. Oil Production



U.S. Natural Gas Production

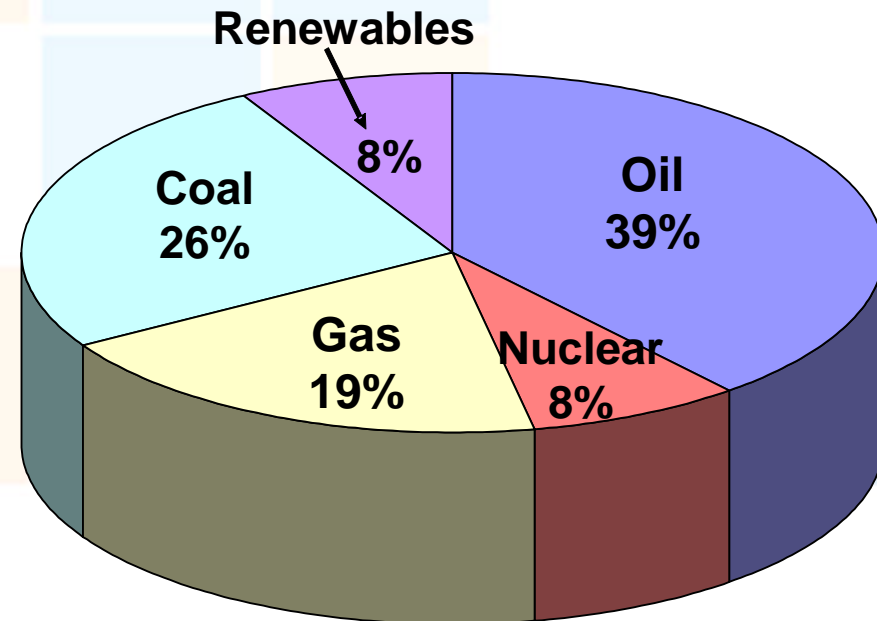
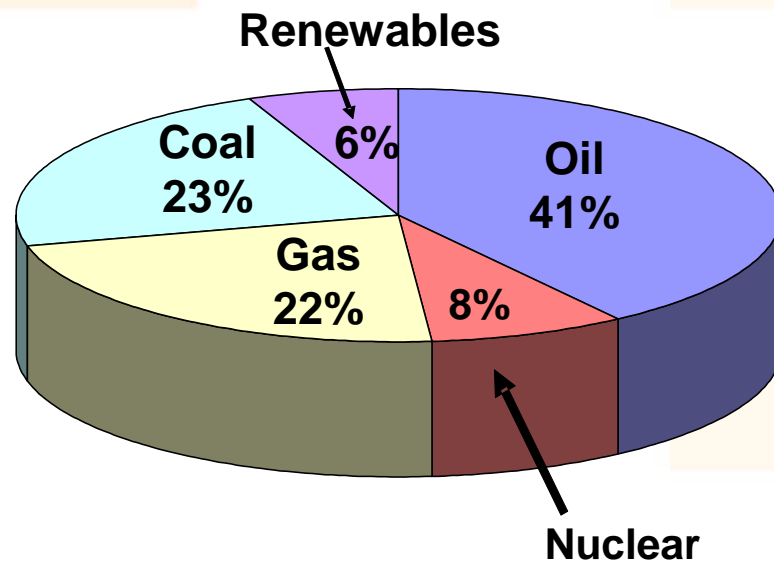


Forecast of U.S. Energy Growth

2006 Actual
(100 Quads)

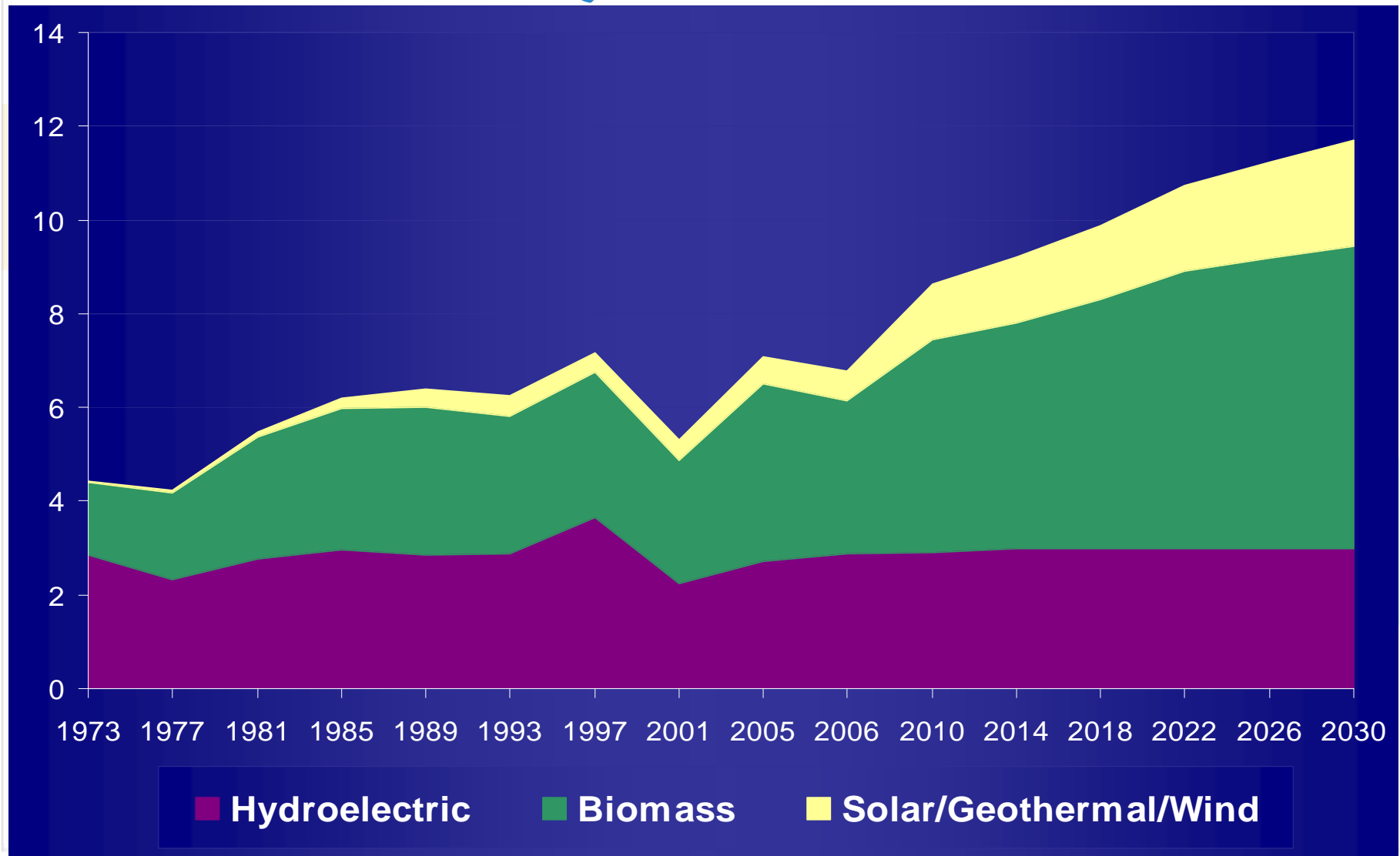
23.8% Growth
(0.89%/yr.)

2030 Outlook
(124 Quads)



Source: EIA, AEO2008

Renewable Energy Production Quadrillion Btu



The Public's Knowledge on Renewables

Q12 According to 2007 data, what percentage of U.S. energy use is currently supplied by renewable sources?

Source: EIA, "Annual Energy Outlook 2007," p.14, Table 1.

Total
N=1333

Answer

34%	0% to less than 10%
28%	10% to less than 20%
8%	20% to less than 30%
2%	30% or more
28%	Not sure



Q13 According to 2007 projections, what percentage of U.S. energy will be supplied by renewable sources by 2030?

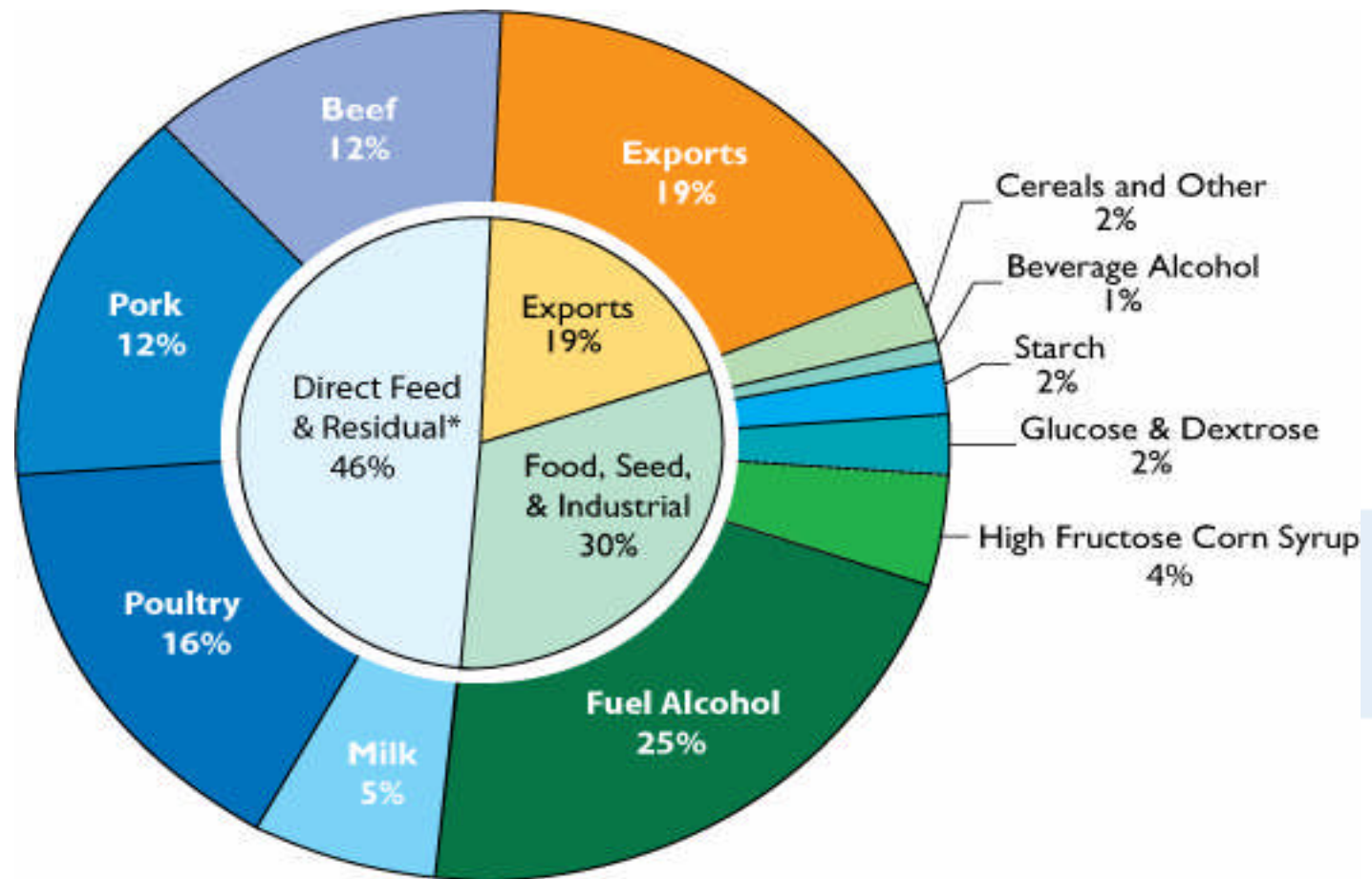
Source: EIA, "Annual Energy Outlook 2007," p.14, Table 1.

Total
N=1333

Answer

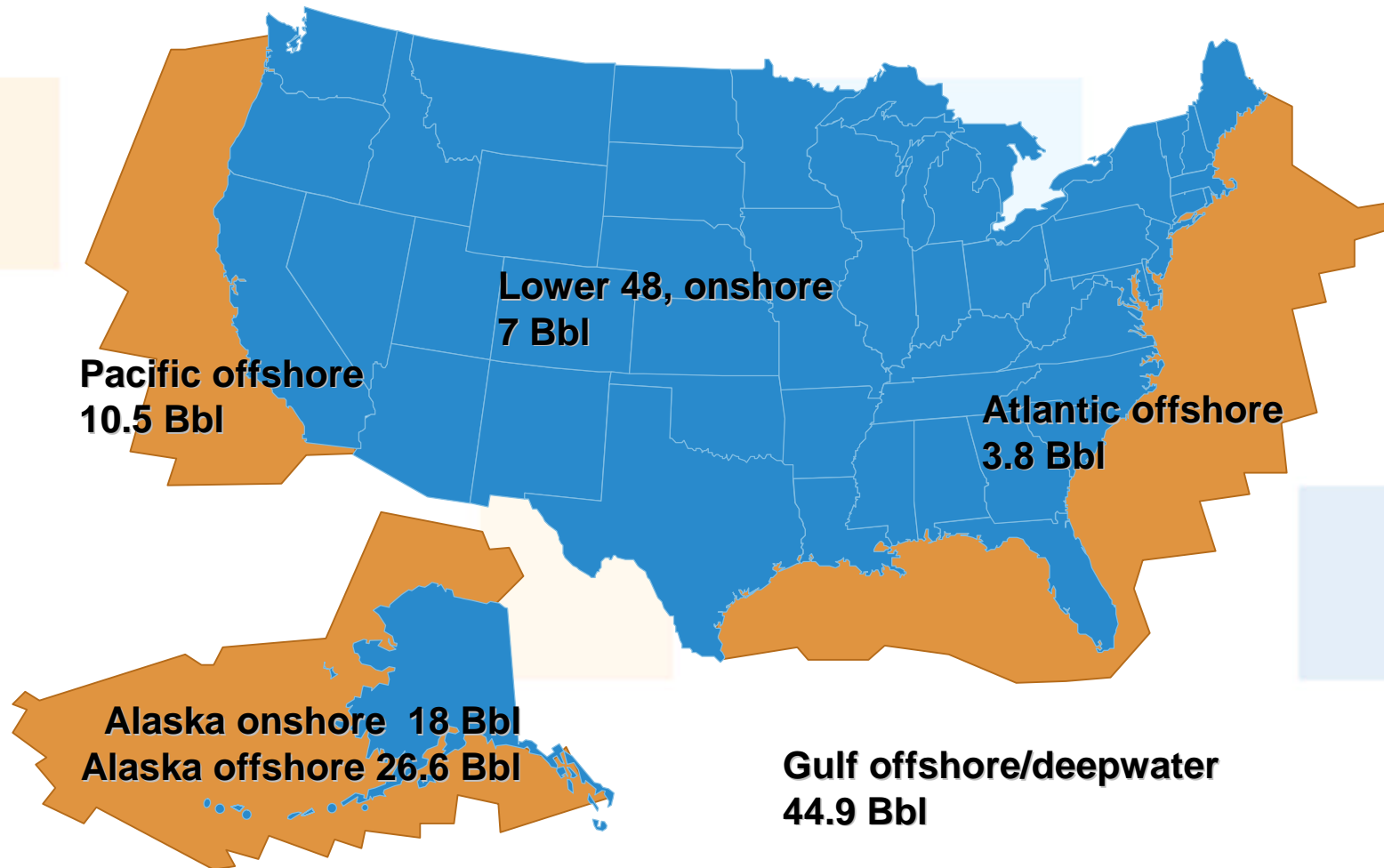
5%	0% to less than 10%
27%	10% to less than 20%
22%	20% to less than 30%
12%	30% or more
34%	Not sure

U.S. Corn Use 2007-2008 (13 billion Bushels)



*Distillers Grain is in addition to this figure.

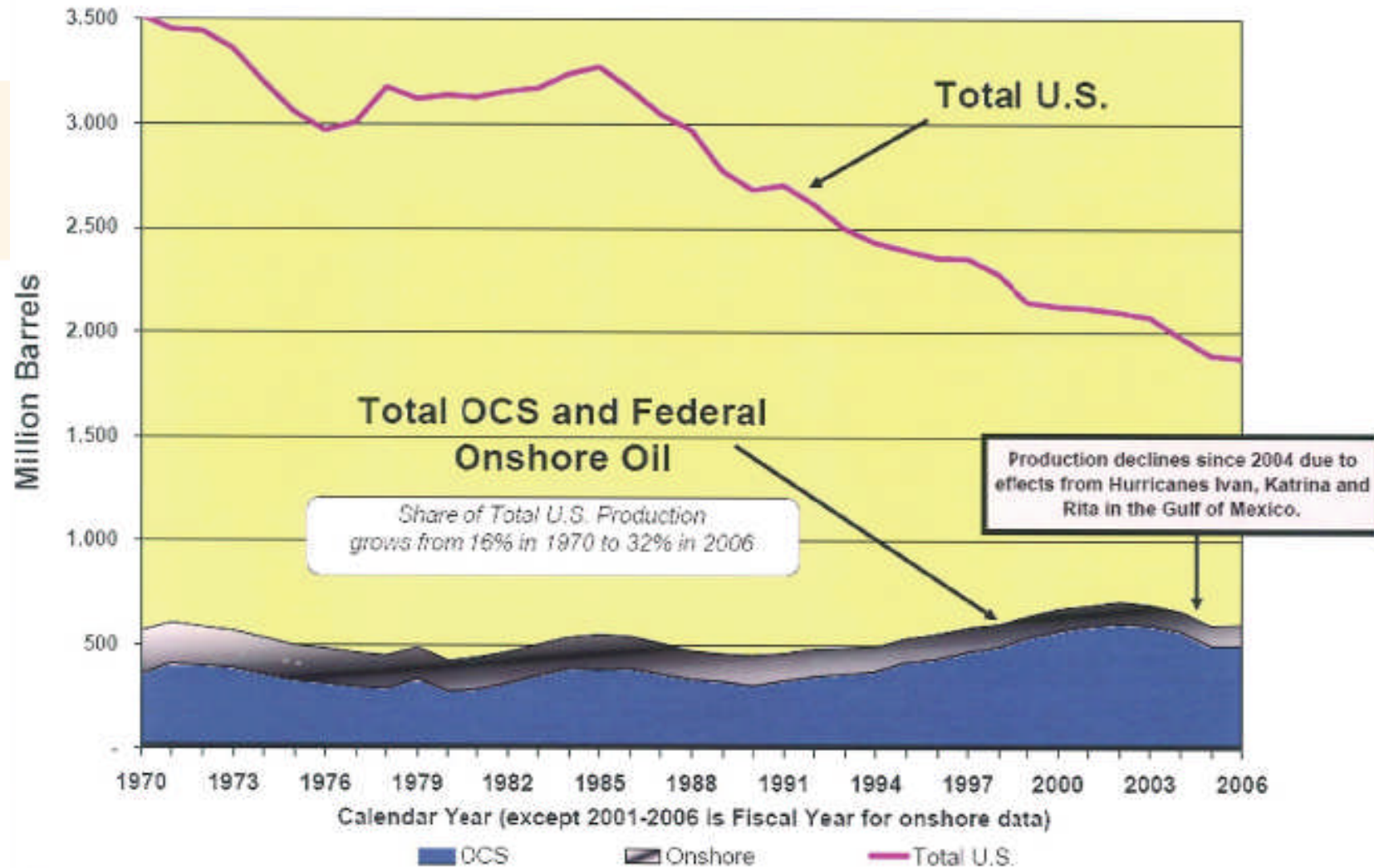
U.S. Crude Oil Resources (undiscovered technically recoverable federal resources)



**112 billion barrels is enough oil to power over 60 million cars for 60 years
AND heat over 25 million homes for 60 years.**

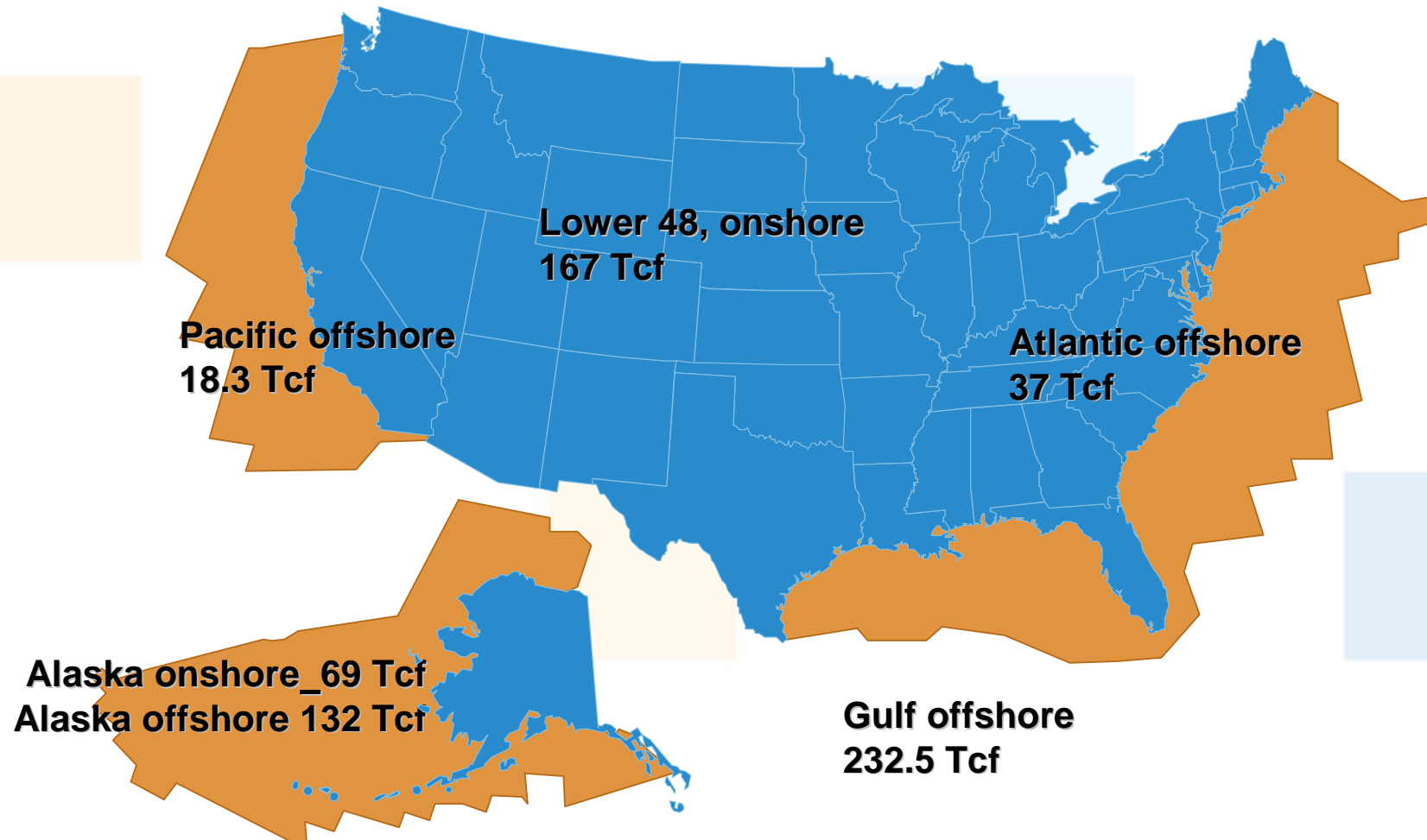
Source: MMS, USGS, and API calculations

Crude Oil Production from DOI-Managed Federal Lands*



* Federal lands includes the OCS and onshore public lands and some split estate lands where mineral rights are Federal.

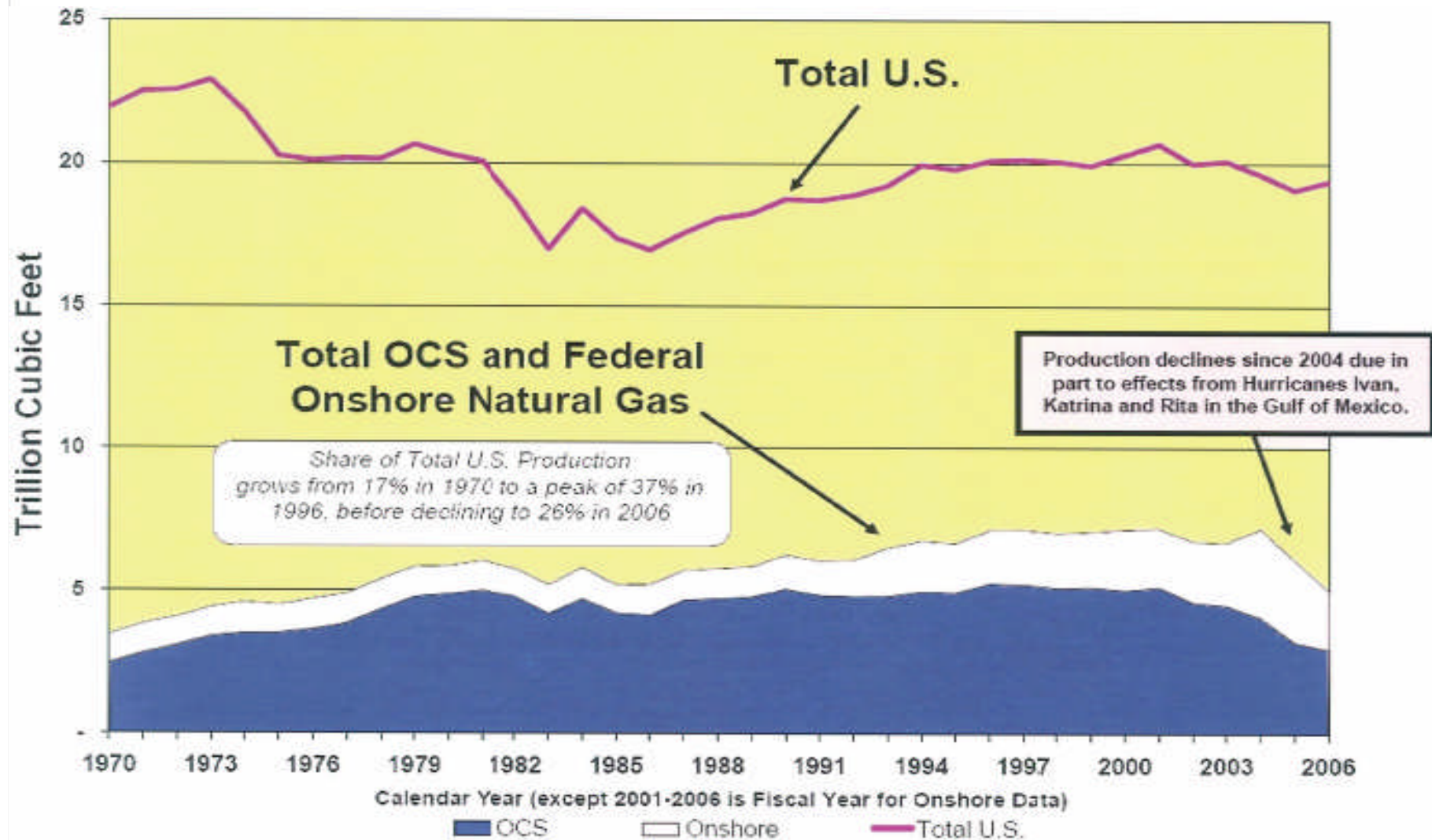
U.S. Natural Gas Resources (undiscovered technically recoverable federal resources)



656 trillion cubic feet is enough natural gas to heat 60 million homes for 160 years.

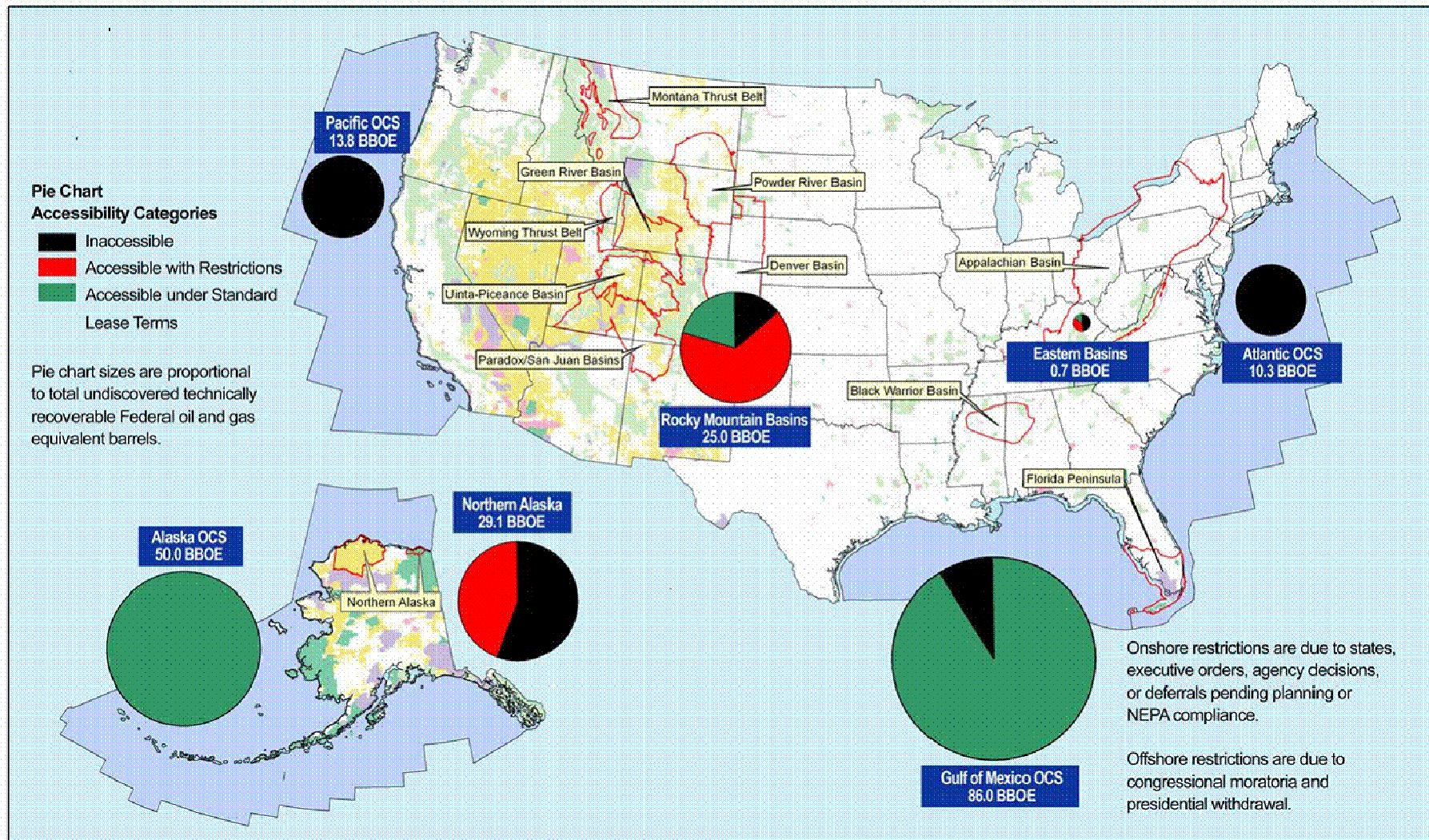
Source: MMS, USGS, and API calculations 25

Natural Gas Production from DOI-Managed Federal Lands*



* Federal lands includes the OCS and onshore public lands and some split estate lands where mineral rights are Federal

Restrictions on Access to Oil and Gas Resources on Federal Lands



Q9 Current government policy restricts access to what percentage of potential offshore U.S. oil and natural gas development sites off the coasts of the lower 48 states?

Source: MMS, "Report to Congress: Comprehensive Inventory of U.S. OCS Oil and Natural Gas Resources," February, 2006.

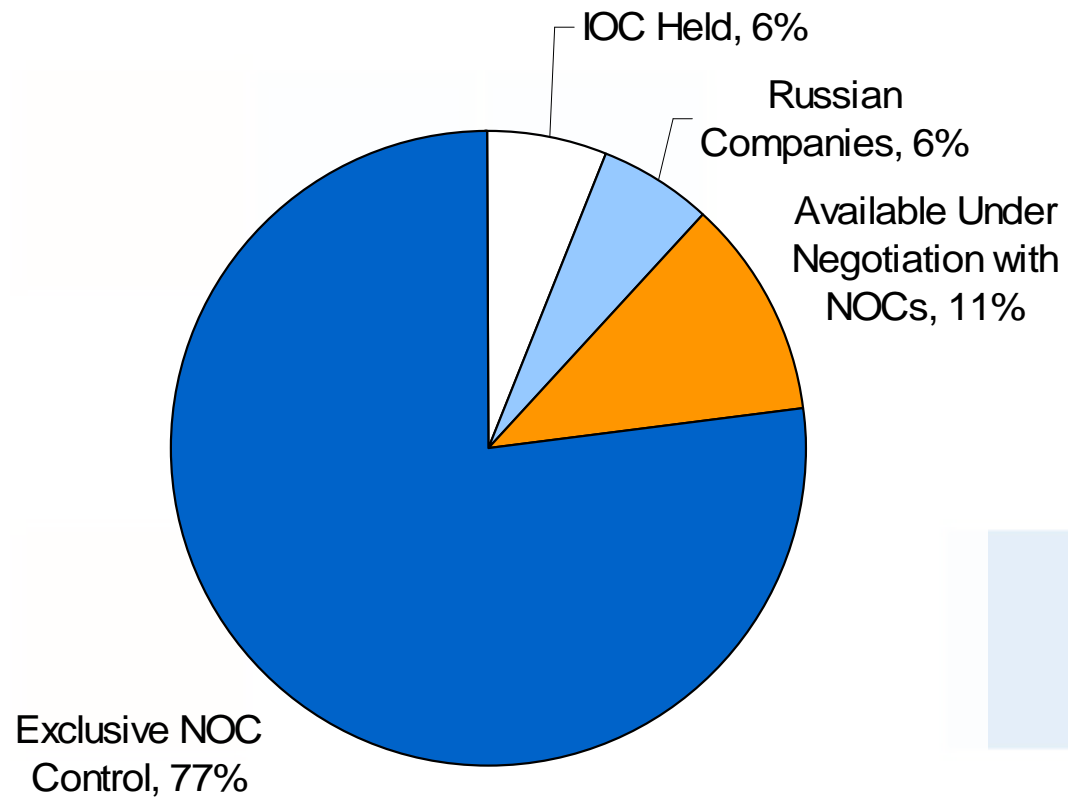
Total N=1333	Answer
17%	25%
16%	45%
16%	65%
11%	85%
41%	Not sure



Opening key offshore areas for exploration and development would help increase America's potential of utilizing its own resources.

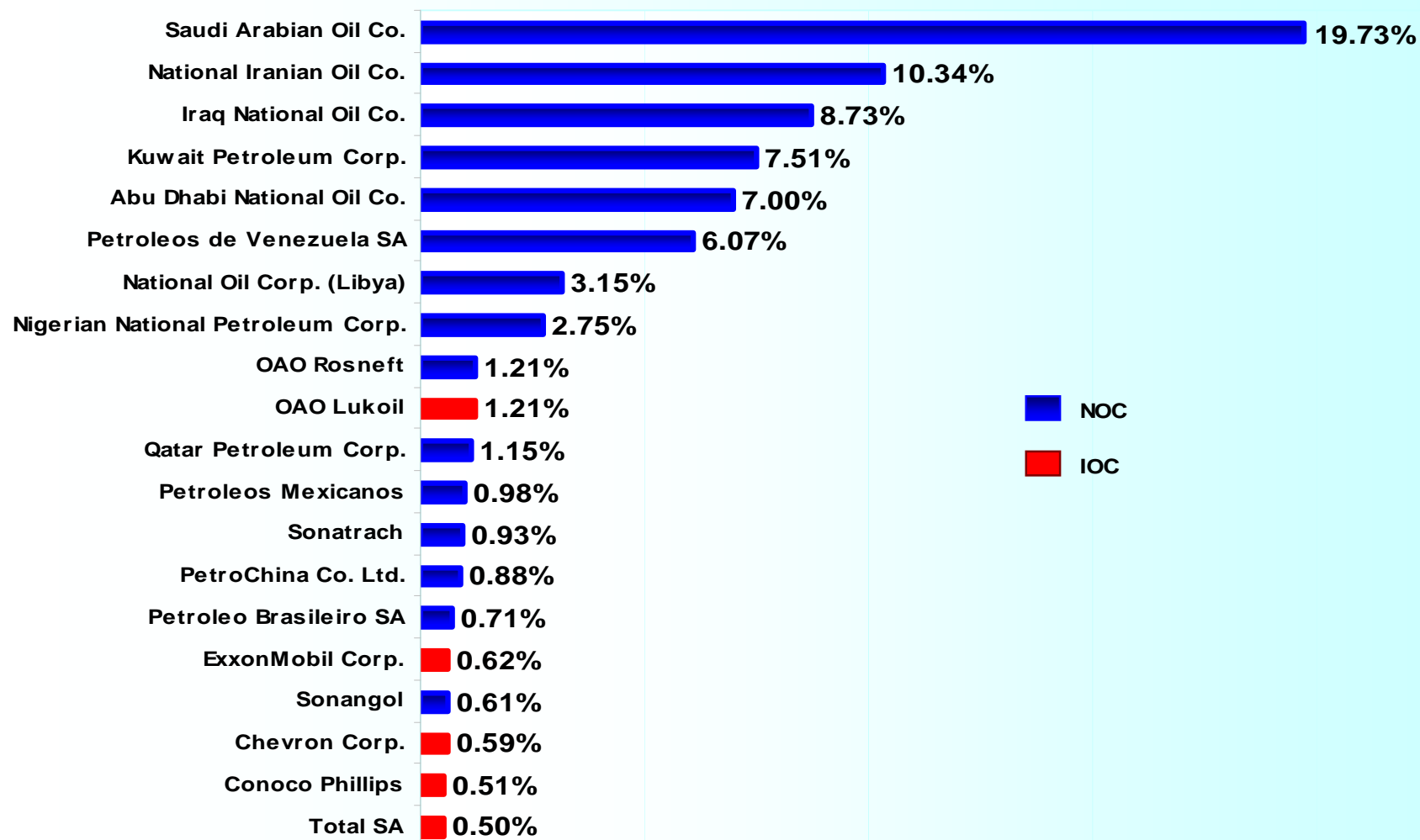
The Myth of “Big Oil”

- The total amount of proven oil reserves held by *all* investor-owned oil companies (IOCs) is just 6 percent.
- Almost 80 percent is exclusively controlled by foreign national oil companies (NOCs).



J. Robinson West
Chairman, PFC Energy: 9/21/05

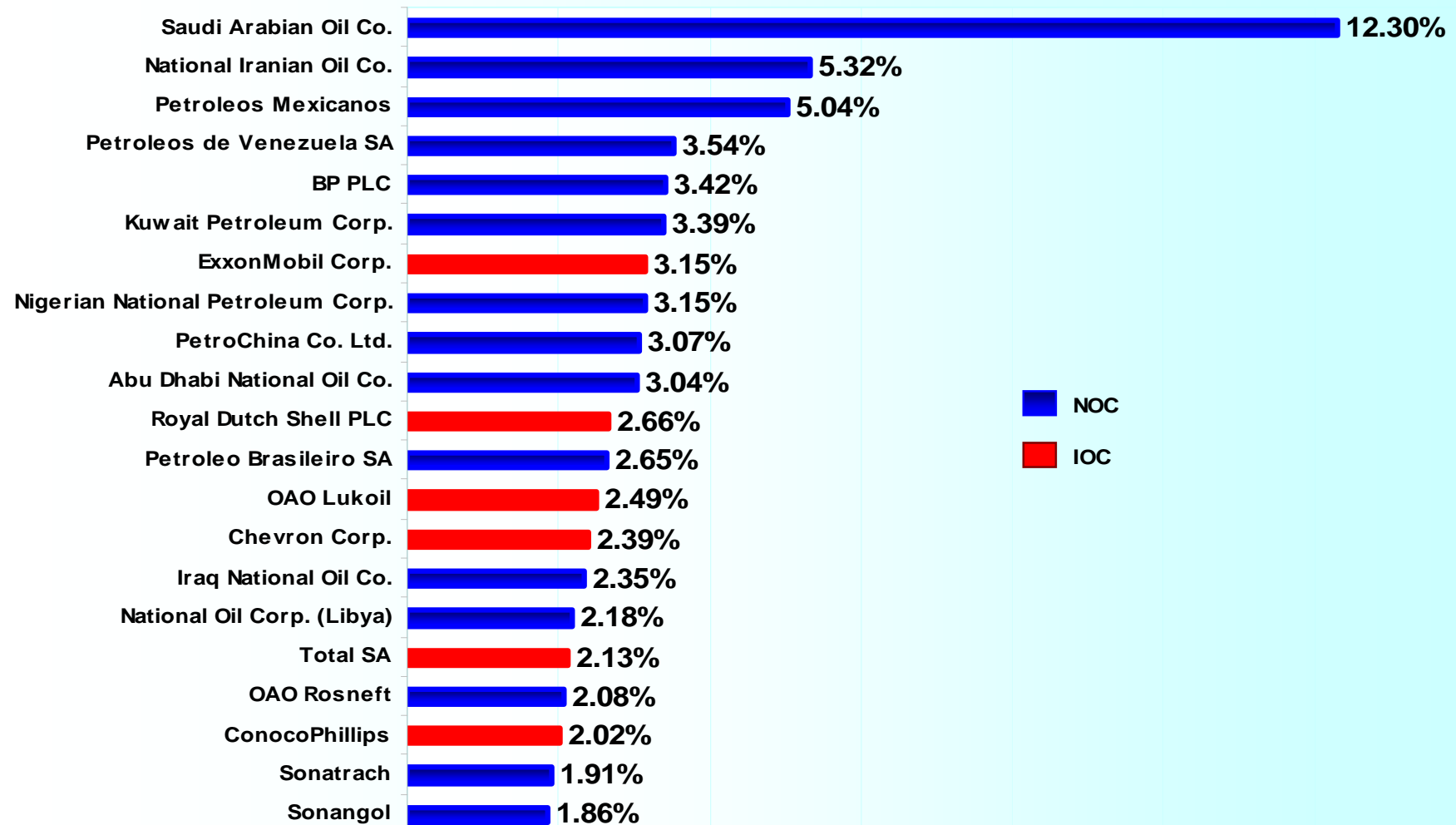
2006 Largest Oil & Gas Companies (percent of worldwide reserves)



Source :World reserves of 1. 3 trillion barrels as of January 1, 2007 according to *Oil and Gas Journal* December 24, 2007

Leading companies: *Oil and Gas Journal* September 17, 2007

2006 Largest Oil & Gas Companies (percent of worldwide production)



Source: Estimated world total of 72.4 million barrels a day in 2007 according to Oil and Gas Journal December 24, 2007.

Leading Companies: Oil and Gas Journal September 17, 2007

Energy Policy Perspectives

- Encourage energy efficiency
- Encourage investment in long-term energy initiatives and advanced technologies.
- Reduce barriers to increasing domestic supplies
- Rely on market forces to allocate products.
- Refrain from new taxes that make it more expensive to develop our domestic supplies.
- Support our need to participate actively in global energy markets rather than isolate the U.S.

For more information visit

- www.energytomorrow.org

- www.api.org